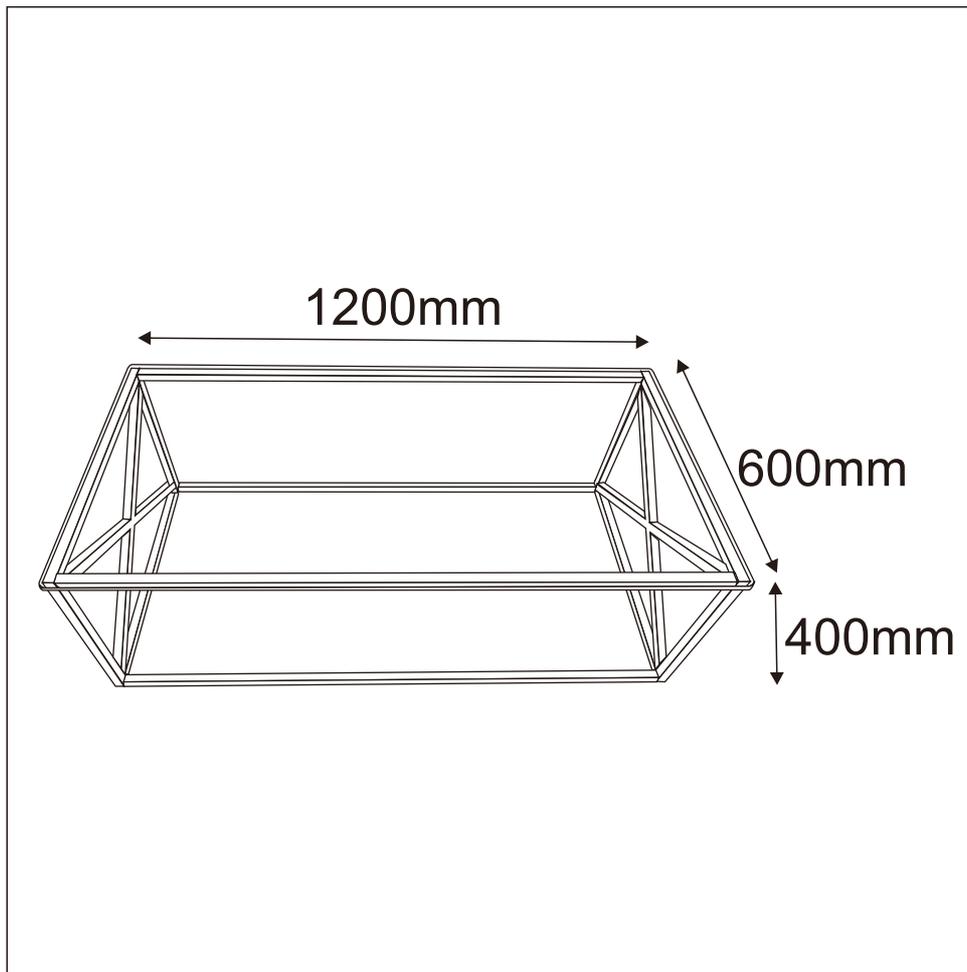


ASSEMBLY INSTRUCTION
SCHMIDT
1200 COFFEE TABLE
ITEM CODE 85797



Imported by JWA Furniture Pty Ltd, Qld, Brisbane Australia.

For any assistance with assembly or for missing parts please refer to your receipt

PRE-ASSEMBLY PREPARATION

Before you start:

1. Choose a clean, level, spacious assembly area. Avoid hard surfaces that may damage the product
2. Take care when lifting. Product should be assembled as near as possible to the point of use
3. Ensure that you have all required contents for complete assembly
4. Always read the assembly instructions carefully before beginning assembly.
5. Keep all hardware parts and packaging out of reach of small children.
6. Do not over tighten the screws and bolts as this may damage the threads

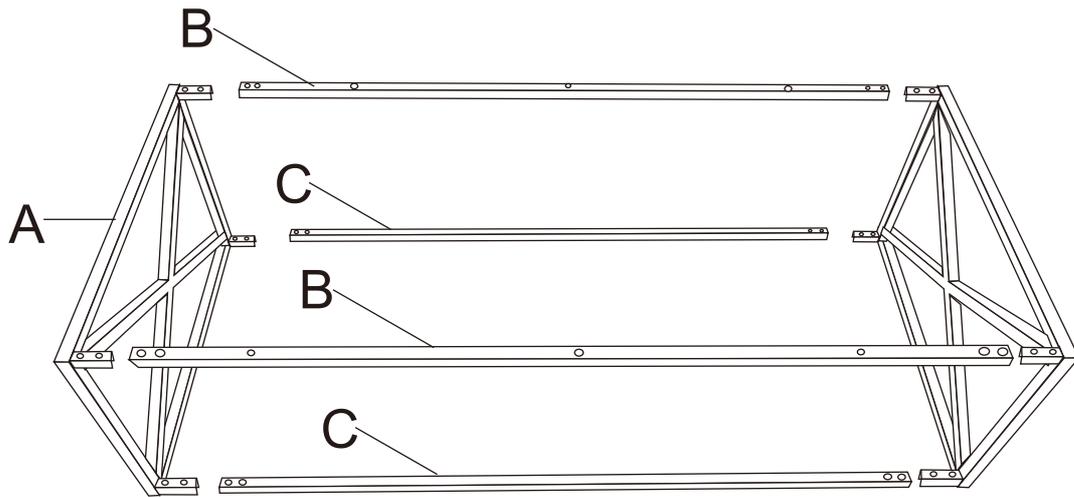
		
Allow 10 min	For 2 people	Additional tools required

PARTS LIST

A	B	C	D	E
				 6x10mm
2	2	2	1	4
F	G	H		
 6x10mm		 M4		
16	6	1		

STEP 1:

- Put the table leg (A) (B) (C) together as picture



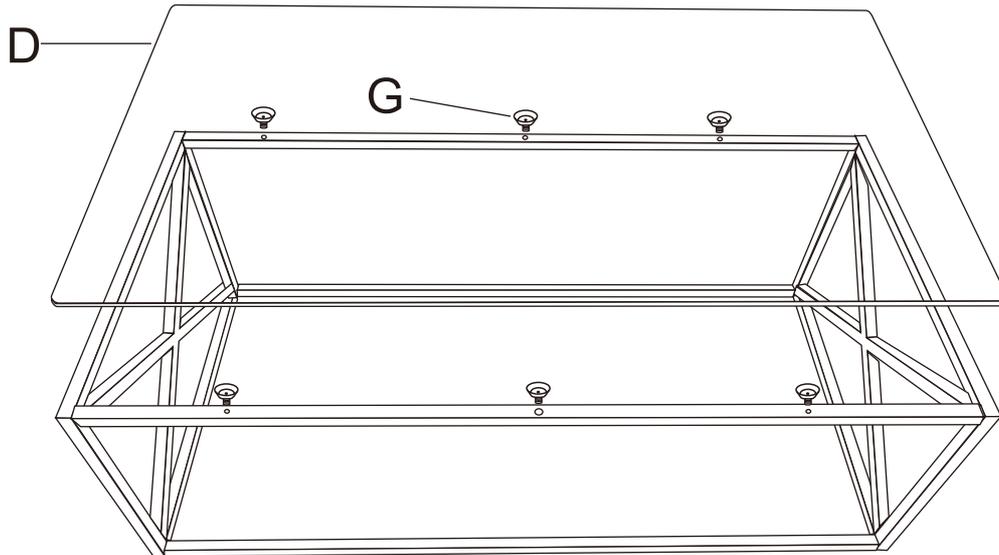
STEP 2:

- Tighten the screw (F) with Allen (H)
- Tighten the table feet (E)

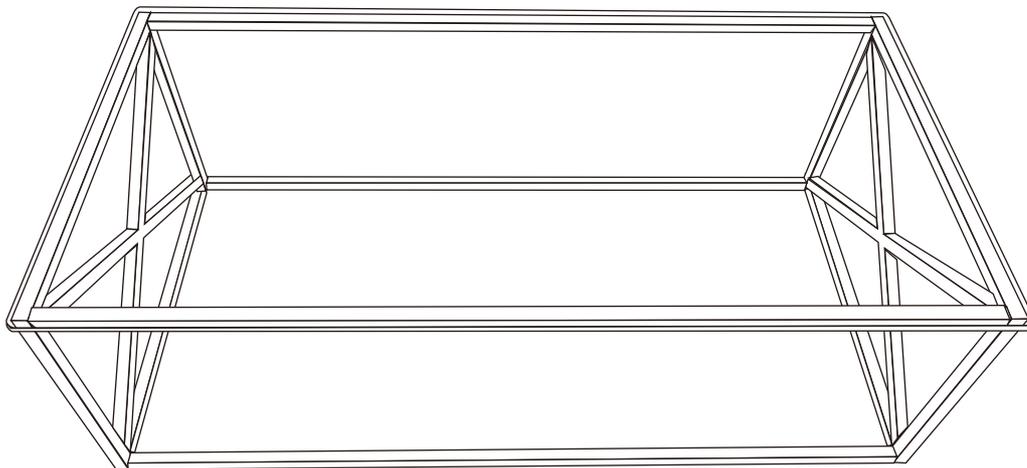


STEP 3:

- Turn over the table leg, tighten the plastic washer (G)
- Put the table top (D) on the table leg



ASSEMBLY IS COMPLETE



CARE AND MAINTENANCE

Exploding glass

"Exploding glass" refers to the phenomenon where glass suddenly shatters or breaks apart, often with a lot of force or in a dramatic fashion. There are several causes for this issue:

1. Thermal Stress:

Glass can break due to rapid changes in temperature. For example, if a hot object is placed on a cold glass surface, or if the glass is exposed to extreme heat or cold, it can expand or contract unevenly, causing it to crack or shatter.

2. Impact Damage:

Dropping or striking glass with a hard object can cause it to crack or break. Even a small impact can lead to a chain reaction of fractures, making the glass appear to "explode."

3. Uneven surface: The uneven glass surface causes uneven stress distribution, making it more prone to breakage and fragmentation under pressure or impact, posing a danger to surrounding people and objects. For example, when a person leans on a glass partition with an uneven surface, the glass may break due to excessive local stress.

4. Chemical Reactions: Some types of glass can be sensitive to certain chemicals. Exposure to harsh chemicals or cleaning agents might weaken the glass over time, leading to sudden breakage.

If glass "explodes" or shatters, it is important to handle the situation carefully to avoid injury. Broken glass should be cleaned up promptly.

When choosing protective matting for your tabletop, consider the below:

1. Material:

Choose placemats made from materials that offer good insulation against heat, such as silicone, cork, or thick fabric. The thickness of this material should be a minimum of 6mm. These materials are effective at absorbing and diffusing heat.

2. Coverage:

Ensure that the placemat is large enough to cover the area where hot items will be placed. It should completely cover the base of pots, pans, or other hot items to provide adequate protection.

3. Heat Resistance:

Verify that the placemat is designed to handle high temperatures. Some placemats are specifically rated for heat resistance and can withstand higher temperatures without damage.

By following these simple steps, you will help keep your furniture in great condition and ensure it remains a beautiful and functional part of your outdoor space.